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THE RAPID SYNTHESIS OF β-NITROSTYRENES UNDER MICROWAVE IRRADIATION WITHOUT SOLVENT

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ABSTRACT

The β -nitrostyrenes (**3a–1**) were prepared by condensation of benzaldehydes with nitromethane in the presence of K₂CO₃/Al₂O₃ under microwave irradiation without solvent. They were characterized by IR, ¹H-NMR, and elemental analysis.

Many reports dealing with the biological activity of β -nitrostyrene stated that it had a detrimental effect on sects and on the growth of fungi and that it could be used for the protective treatment of textiles, leather, and other organic materials. Generally, β -nitrostyrenes were synthesized by condensation with benzaldehydes and nitromethane. And the condensation was usually been catalyzed by (a) bases such as alcoholic potassium hydroxide, aqueous sodium hydroxide or alcoholic methylamine^[1]; (b) buffer solutions containing a conjugate acid–base pair such as ammonium acetate in

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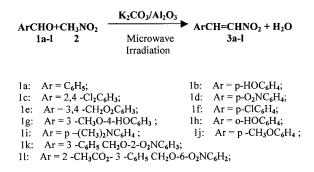
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acetic acid^[2]; (c) salts such as zinc chloride or potassium fluoride in the presence of dimethylammonium chloride in refluxing toluene solution.^[3] Recently many studies have shown that some organic reactions are faster and more efficient under microwave irradiation in the solid state than in solution.^[4,5] To develop a more reliable procedure for β -nitrostyrenes, we have found that β -nitrostyrenes were conveniently obtained under mild conditions by the reaction between benzaldehydes and nitromethane in the presence of potassium carbonate under microwave irradiation without solvent (Sch. 1). The optimum proportions of the reagents involved



Scheme 1.

Table	1.	Preparat	ion of	Comp	ounds :	3

Compound	Formula	Microwave Power (W)	Irrad. Time (min)	Yield ^a (%)	M.P. (°C) [Lit. °C]
3a	C ₈ H ₇ NO ₂	175	5	86	57-58 (59-59) ^[2]
3b	C ₈ H ₇ NO ₃	200	5	91	167–169 (168–169) ^[2]
3c	C ₈ H ₅ NO ₂ Cl ₂	200	4	95	$109-110 \ (110)^{[1,6]}$
3d	$C_8H_6N_2O_4$	225	4	94	94–96
3e	C ₉ H ₇ NO ₄	225	4	90	165–166
3f	C ₈ H ₆ NO ₂ Cl	200	5	92	113–114 (113–114) ^[7]
3g	C ₉ H ₉ NO ₄	225	5	94	167–168 (167–168) ^[4]
3h	$C_8H_7NO_3$	225	4	89	133-134 (134.5-135) ^[3]
3i	$C_{10}H_{12}N_2O_2$	175	6	90	186–188 (187–188) ^[8]
3j	C ₉ H ₉ NO ₃	225	5	91	85-87 (86-87) ^[2]
3k	$C_{15}H_{12}N_2O_5$	175	6	74	140–141 (141) ^[9]
31	$C_{17}H_{14}N_2O_7$	175	6	71	144–146 (144–147) ^[10]

^aIsolated yield.

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		Table 2.	Table 2. Elemental Analyses and Spectral Data of Compounds 3	Data of Compounds 3
	Anal. (%)	(%)		
Compound	Calcd.	Found	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃ , ppm)	IR (KBr cm ⁻¹)
3a	C 64.40 H 4.73 N 9.39	64.41 4.70 9.36	6.90–8.10 (m, 7H)	1660, 1630, 1530, 965, 770, 710
3b	C 58.18 H 4.27 N 8.48	58.10 4.25 8.45	6.81–8.18 (m, 6H), 10.0–11.5 (bs, 1H)	3500–3200, 1630, 1530, 1510, 1350, 970, 830
3c	C 44.06 H 2.31 N 6.42	44.01 2.30 6.29	6.80–8.18 (m, 5H)	1640, 1590, 1510, 1350, 870, 810
3d	C 49.49 H 3.12 N 14.43	49.46 3.08 14.40	7.40–8.10 (m, 6H)	1630, 1610, 1570, 1335, 980, 820
3 e	C 55.96 H 3.65 N 7.25	55.88 3.61 7.10	6.90–8.00 (m, 5H), 6.12 (s, 2H)	1635, 1600, 1510, 1380, 880, 810
3f	C 52.33 H 3.29 N 7.63	52.10 3.27 7.68	7.10–7.80 (m, 6H)	1630, 1620, 1530, 1360, 965, 820

(continued)

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Table 2. Continued		IR (KBr $\rm cm^{-1}$)	3500–3200, 1630, 1610, 1535, 1350, 880, 810	3500–3200, 1630, 1605, 1530, 1350, 980, 830	1620, 1610, 1530, 1380, 980, 830	1620, 1530, 1460, 1380, 990, 830	1630, 1610, 1535, 1350, 880, 810	1760, 1700, 1630, 1580, 1530, 1350, 980, 830
		¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃ , ppm)	6.60–8.20 (m, 5H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 9.80–11.5 (bs, 1H)	6.88–8.20 (m, 6H), 10.3–11.0 (bs, 1H)	6.72–7.96 (m, 6H), 3.09 (s, 6H)	6.80–8.18 (m, 6H), 3.68 (s, 3H)	7.10–8.20 (m, 10H), 5.22 (s, 2H)	7.15–8.20 (m, 9H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H)
	Anal. (%)	Found	55.34 4.60 7.20	55.00 4.23 4.50	62.22 6.40 14.20	60.10 4.88 7.86	59.87 3.90 9.20	56.90 3.87 7.80
		Calcd.	C 55.39 H 4.65 N 7.18	C 58.18 H 4.27 N 4.48	C 62.49 H 6.30 N 14.58	C 60.34 H 5.06 N 7.82	C 60.00 H 4.00 N 9.33	C 56.98 H 3.91 N 7.82
		Compound	3g	3h	3i	3j	3k	31

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have been experimentally determined. The best reaction time and microwave power have been selected also under microwave irradiation without solvent (Table 1). All the products have been fully characterized on the basis of their microanalytical and spectral data (Table 2).

In conclusion, we developed a procedure for the efficient preparation of β -nitrostyrenes (3) from benzaldehydes and nitromethane with excellent yields (71–95%). The final products were easily isolated and purified directly by silica gel chromatography. The simplicity of the experimental procedure, direct conversion of benzaldehydes to β -nitrostyrenes (3) in the presence of the catalyst K₂CO₃/Al₂O₃, quick reaction times (4–6 min) and lower power (175–225 W) made this method more attractive than others known in literature.

EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points were uncorrected, elemental analytical data were obtained using a model 240 elementary instrument. IR spectra were measured using a model 408 infrared spectrometer, ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a JNM-90Q spectrometer using TMS as internal standard (CDCl₃ solutions).

General Procedure for the Preparation of β -Nitrostyrenes (3a-l)

A mixture of 5 mmol benzaldehyde, 1.53 g (25 mmol) nitromethane and 0.35 g potassium carbonate was finely ground by agate mortar and pestle and was mixed with 5 g aluminum oxide (150 mesh). The mixture was then put in a 25 mL beaker and introduced into a Galan WP750A domestic microwave oven. Microwave irradiation was carried out for the appropriate time and at the power indicated (see Table 1). The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, then water and nitromethane were removed by reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (petroleum ether [60–90°C]/ethyl acetate/dichloromethane, 1:1:0.3) to give the product (**3a–I**). The structures of all products were identified on the basis of elemental analytical data, IR, and ¹H NMR data (see Table 2).

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